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[Lab. of Medicinal Chemistry]

## Facile Unmasking of Ethenylated Isocytosines via Diacetoxylation with Lead Tetraacetate.

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Treatment of ethenylated isocytosines, imidazolo[1,2-a] pyrimidine-5(1H)-one (1) and -7(8H)-one, with lead tetraacetate (LTA) in glacial acetic acid followed by alkali hydrolysis resulted in the smooth removal of the ethenyl group to give isocytosine (2) in high yields. The unmasking of (1) by LTA to (2) was compared with the results using iodosylbenzene diacetate and N-bromosuccinimide. The present results provided a basis for the utilization of the ethenyl group as a protecting group of the amidine and guanidine moieties in biologically important substances.

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[Lab. of Medicinal Chemistry]

 $N^6$ -Substituent Effect on the Photooxidation of 2',3'-O-Isopropylideneadenosines with a Pyrimido [5,4-g] pteridinetetraone N-Oxide. Chemical Evidence for the Generation and Reactivity of Adenosyl Cation Radicals.

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A comparative study on the photooxidation of 2',3'-O-isopropylideneadenosine (1a) and its  $N^6$ -benzoyl,  $N^6$ -monomethyl,  $N^6$ , $N^6$ -dimethyl derivatives, (1b-d), with a pyrimido[5,4-g] pteridinetetraone N-oxide (PPO) was carried out. The ease of photooxidative consumption of the adenosines by the PPO is in order of (1d) >(1c)>(1a)>(1b), which is parallel to their oxidation-peak potentials. The occurrence of the oxidative 5'-O,8-cyclization in (1a, b) and of the exclusive oxidation at the  $N^6$ -methyl group in (1c, d) under the conditions provide chemical evidence for the generation and reactivity of adenosine cation radicals.

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[Lab. of Medicinal Chemistry]

A Newly Devised Method for the Oxidative Unmasking of  $1,N^6$ -Ethenoadenosines: Facile Conversion of Adenosine into 2-Deuterated Adenosine.

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2-Deuterated adenosine was conveniently prepared from adenosine (1) by applying the ring-fission and reclosure methodology of  $1,N^6$ -ethenoadenosine and a new oxidative unmasking method of the etheno moiety. The present methodology promises to be applicable to the chemical modification of (1) and its derivatives in a wide scope.